

**NO! EVERYBODY! STOP A MINUTE!**

**AT**  
**E. M. Fletcher & Co's**

**Grocery and Provision Store.**

Where you will find  
**Fresh Vegetables, New  
Groceries, and all  
goods of the First  
Quality.**

We buy Produce and give the Highest  
Market Price, in cash or trade.

We want your Butter and Eggs, and  
will make it an object for you to bring  
them to us.

We keep the finest quality of Oranges,  
Lemons and Bananas found in the market.  
All kinds of Foreign Fruit, fresh bought  
and constantly on hand. New Candies  
everyday of the finest make and flavor.

Fish, Dry Fish, Salt Fish, Fish of all  
kinds. In fact everything good to eat at

**E. M. Fletcher & Co's Store.**

**E. G. HOAG**

**H-A-R-D-W-A-R-E!!**

Also a  
**Complete line of house furnishing  
goods,**

**Tinware, Crockery and Glassware. A few  
Vapor Stoves, new, with all the latest im-  
provements, will close out at a great reduction.  
These stoves we shall sell this month if a  
price will do it.**

**E. G. HOAG.**

**BLAICH BROS.,**

**FINE GROCERS.**

**Teas, Coffee & Spices a Specialty.**

Also, constantly on hand, Fresh Vegetable and Fruits of all kinds.  
Try a pound of the Best 50 cent Tea sold. We roast all our own Coffees,  
so they are always fresh and nice. Call and see us. Respectfully,

**BLAICH BROS.**

**The Heywood Boot.**

I have received my new Boots for Fall  
Trade, and you will say when you examine  
my Goods and Prices that you never saw  
such nice Boots for the money. Men's from  
\$2.00 to \$4.00; hand made. Boy's of the  
same kind.

I make a specialty of Oil Grain Shoes for  
Men and Boys; 9 different kinds.

I will be glad to show my Goods and  
Prices whether you buy or not.

**B. PARKER.**

**Local Brevities.**

Mrs. Jacob Stabler is very sick.  
Ann Arbor has three music stores.  
Chelsea supports seven grocery stores.  
Shelled corn for sale at R. A. Snyder's.  
Perry Haner sells the Boss Injector now.  
Miss May Wood left for Albion last  
Monday.  
Cash paid for butter and eggs at R. A.  
Snyder's.  
A. Stegerships over 4,000 dozen eggs  
per week.

The farmers carry pleasanter faces  
since the rains.  
Campaign badges for all parties for sale  
by L. & A. Winans.

Born, July 30th, 1888, to Mr. and Mrs.  
Wm. Atkinson, a girl.  
Sharon farmers complain of losing their  
chickens with cholera.

Miss E. Whitney is spending a few  
weeks with friends here.  
Manuel Hallsfel is recovering from  
inflammation of the lungs.

Do not fail to buy a pound of that new  
50-cent tea at R. A. Snyder's.  
Mrs. B. Parker has been under the  
weather for the past few days.

Mrs. Ira Freer and daughter, Maud,  
left yesterday for Kalamazoo.  
Miss Jennie Hudler and Miss May  
Judson were in Detroit Wednesday.

The streets were crowded with teams  
last Saturday. More hitching posts.  
L. L. Smith, of Columbus, Ohio, is the  
guest of his sister, Mrs. L. S. Holmes.

Snyder, Wood & Co. are shipping large  
quantities of huckleberries and apples  
daily.  
Wanted—person to keep books. State  
salary wanted. Address, N care Chelsea  
Herald.

Leach says he will run Fox, of Man-  
chester, 50 yards, best out of three, for  
\$10 a side.  
The State fair begins at Jackson on  
Monday, Sept. 10, and will continue until  
Saturday, Sept. 14.

The first peaches of the season was  
brought into market by Thos. Flemming,  
of Waterloo, last week.

There were 130 cases of measles in the  
state public school, at coldwater, and 60  
are still sick with the disease.

Geo. Kempf, of the firm of Kempf &  
Schenk, has been quite ill for the past  
two weeks, but is now improving.

M. J. Noyes brought some fine Oxford  
sheep from Canada this week, and placed  
them on his farm for breeding purpose.

David Thomas and daughter left last  
Friday for Newaygo, Mich., to spend a  
week with his daughter who is living at  
that place.

Grass Lake is the suggest, neatest,  
tidest little town north or south of Mason  
& Dixon's or any other line.—Grass Lake  
News. Except Chelsea.

J. T. Jacobs & Co., of Ann Arbor is  
having a great cut sale. Everything is  
going like hot cakes, and prices are very  
low. See "ad." on last page.

The Center, the prohibitionist state or-  
gan, has been purchased by Wm. W.  
Wise, of Lansing, who will remove the  
paper to that city where its publication  
will be continued.

Among the attractions for the fair this  
fall is a great democratic mass meeting on  
the grounds on Thursday the 27th of  
Sept., to compete for \$20 premium with a  
republican mass meeting to be held on  
the 28th on the same ground.

Clyde Beman, of Waterloo, who some  
weeks ago fell from a cherry tree and  
broke both arms near the wrist joints, on  
Thursday of last week jumped from a  
buggy while in motion and broke the left  
arm again, about an inch and a half back  
of the first fracture.

English Spavin Liniment removes all  
Hard, Soft, or Calloused Lumps and Bleu-  
ishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs,  
Sweeney, Ring-bone, Stiffes, Sprains, all  
Swollen Throats, Coughs, Etc. Save \$50  
by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold  
by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist, Chelsea,  
Mich. v18n12

From notes in the July report of the  
United States department of agriculture,  
it is probable that the potato crop of 1888  
will be largest ever raised in the United  
States. Nearly every northern state re-  
ports an increase in the acreage planted,  
and while some sections in particular  
states have suffered to some extent from  
drought, the general condition is excellent  
up to date.

The State Teachers' Institute for Wash-  
taw county will be held at Ypsilanti in  
the High School building, commencing  
at 10 o'clock a. m. Monday, Aug 13th, and  
closing at 4 p. m. Aug. 17th, 1888. Prof.  
Austin George, of the Normal school, will  
conduct the same, and give instruction in  
primary reading and management of  
Reading Classes. Miss J. A. King, of the  
Normal school, will give instruction on  
the best methods of teaching History and  
Civil Government. Prof. Humphrey, of  
Wayland, will also assist. E. C. Warner,  
Local Committee, of whom full particulars  
in regard to board, etc., may be obtained.  
This will be the best Institute ever held in  
Washtaw county. Teachers don't fail  
to attend.

Pay your village taxes.  
See Bacon's "ad." on last page.  
Edward L. Negus has been granted a  
pension.  
Elmer Hammond is spending a few days  
at home.  
You can buy choice yellow shelled corn  
of R. A. Snyder.  
Born, July 29th, 1888, to Mr. and Mrs.  
Geo. Lehman, a girl.  
Mrs. Buchanan and daughter went to  
Albion last Saturday.

Hon. S. G. Ives and wife returned from  
the north last Saturday.  
Miss Mamie Gilbert returned home from  
Ypsilanti last Thursday.

The Grass Lake Farmers' Club will  
have a picnic August 22.  
All goods new and fresh, and of best  
quality, at R. A. Snyder's.

Mrs. Calkin left last Tuesday for Man-  
chester to visit her parents.  
There is a scheme on foot to build a  
street car line in Ann Arbor.

Dell Yocum and wife, of Jackson, are  
camping at Cavanaugh Lake.  
Mrs. Lewis Freer and sister leave to-day  
for Flint to visit their brother.

Kalamazoo has eight bootblacks who  
have licenses and wear badges.  
Ed. McNamara, of Traverse City, is  
visiting his many friends in Chelsea.

Miss Mae L. Wood left last Monday for  
Albion to spend a week with friends.  
Scientific men now say that lightning  
rods are an unsafe attachment to a build-  
ing.

Mrs. Wm. Martin and daughter, Carrie,  
left for Brooklyn last Friday to visit  
friends.  
I wish some good butter, for which I  
will pay highest market price in cash. R.  
A. Snyder.

We wonder why the Marshal does not  
collect poll tax? Has the Board neglected  
to instruct him?  
People who drive horses will have to  
look out for steam threshers as they are  
on their travels again.

The annual meeting of the Central  
Michigan Turn Bzerk, will be held in  
Jackson, August 18-19-20.  
Mr. Louis Elsenweiser, of Pittsburgh,  
Pa., was married to Miss Mary Kalmbach,  
of Sylvan, last Thursday.

H. S. Holmes' new residence is pro-  
gressing rapidly, and when finished will  
be one of the finest in Chelsea.  
The Y. P. S. C. E. will hold an ice  
cream and rainbow social in the church  
parlor, Wednesday evening, Aug. 15.

Blair Bros. have just received a large  
stock of groceries. He also sells as cheap  
as the cheapest. See "ad." on first page.  
It seems strange that so many dudes  
should be walking about with nothing to  
do, when the hand organ man has to pay  
\$40 for a monkey.

A. J. and S. L. Wood, principals of the  
Brown and Clark schools, Chicago, were  
the guests of their brother Theo. E. Wood  
last Sunday and Monday.

About one month more of vacation in  
which the boys can hunt, fish, swim, etc.,  
unmolested by the doleful clang of the  
school bell.—Enterprise.

Miss G. E. Spencer, of Jackson, is fur-  
nishing a class in Chelsea and vicinity for  
instruction on piano and organ. Persons  
desiring to join the class can address as  
above. v49.

The total earnings of Michigan rail-  
roads as issued by the commissioner from  
Jan. 1st to June 1, 1888, amount to \$29,  
994,438.02; an increase of 0.772 per cent.  
over last year.

The Tyler is the name of a new paper  
published at Detroit by the Brownell  
Bros., and devoted to Free Masonry. It  
is neatly printed and is quite interesting.  
Members of the craft should send for a  
sample copy.

Frank Cook, who is now working the  
east part of the Elbridge Cooper farm, two  
miles south-east of Chelsea, lost a valuable  
mare last week. She got out of the pas-  
ture while her mate was away, and started  
for her former home at Leroy, Ingham  
county, but finding the gate open into Dr.  
Gates' marsh she got into a large ditch  
from which she could not extricate her  
self. She was found by mere accident  
after struggling about twenty-four hours.  
Help was at hand but she died of ex-  
haustion before she could be got out.  
Mr. Cook is a young man just making a  
start in life, and this is a hard blow. It  
is to be hoped that the boys will "chip  
in" and encourage him in some sub-  
stantial way.

**North Lake Items.**  
Scarlet fever at Plainfield.  
A good threshing machine wanted  
in this vicinity.  
Mr. E. L. Glenn and family spent  
Sunday at the formers old home.  
Mr. Walter Sharland and his best  
girl spent a few days with us this  
week.  
Mr. and Mrs. Dutton, of Unadilla,  
spent a few days with their parents  
this week.  
Miss Rathborne joined her mother  
here on Saturday and will stop the  
remaining time they camp here.

**Kempf & Schenk**

**GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE**

**ON**  
**All Summer Goods in all  
Departments.**

**We cut prices Lower than anyone else.**

12½ and 15 cent Lawns only 7½ cents. 12½ and 15 cent  
Sateens only 7½ cents. All other goods just as cheap, and for  
a Big Drive that you all want. All our Celebrated \$3.25 Robin-  
son & Bartschaw ladies fine shoes we will let go in this sale at  
the low price of **\$2.50.**

**KEMPF & SCHENK.**

**THE WORLD**

Owes you a living, and you are entitled  
to all you pay for. Money invested at  
Boyd's Market is sure to make you happy.

For a good Steak, and don't you forget it,  
Go to Boyd's Market and you'll surely get it.

Give us a fair Chance to convince you.  
**MERRITT BOYD.**

**H. S. HOLMES & CO.**

**Great Reductions**

**ON ALL**

**Summer Goods**

**FROM**

**July 21st**

**UNTIL**

**Saturday Aug. 25th.**

**Buyers of Dry Goods,  
Clothing, Straw Hats, etc.,**

**will find some goods One-  
Half Price.**

Respectfully,  
**H. S. HOLMES & CO.**

**For Teas**

**That do not turn red, fine coffees,**

**pure sugars and a general line of  
staple and fancy groceries call on**

**R. A. SNYDER,**  
Wood Bros. old stand, Chelsea.

**Pure Paris Green,**

Insect Powder and White Hellebore at  
Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

Save money by buying Machine Oils at  
Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

Go to Glazier's Bank Drug Store for  
Fly Paper, Insect Powder and Paris  
Green.

Keep cool by drinking Vernors Ginger  
Ale, Phosphated Sherbet, Milk Shake and  
Ice Cream Soda at Glazier's Bank Drug  
Store.

All Machine Oils at rock bottom prices  
at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

Glazier analyzes every lot of Paris  
Green that comes into his store, and if it  
is not strictly pure he ships it back.

Save money by buying all Groceries,  
Drugs and Medicines at Glazier's Bank  
Drug Store.

**VALUABLE REAL ESTATE**  
FOR SALE BY

**Geo. F. Glazier's Loan and Real Estate  
Agency, Chelsea, Mich.**

**Farm No. 1—270 acres,** located 2 miles  
south of Francisco, 6 miles west from Chel-  
sea, 5 miles east of Grass Lake, adjoining  
Michael Schenk's farm on the south, known  
as the Wales Riggs farm. One of the best  
soil farms in Michigan. There is a com-  
fortable frame house, a large frame barn  
114 feet long, 2 small barns, 3 good wells  
of water, wind mill, corn house, hennery  
and tool house, orchard and a fine vine-  
yard of one acre. 180 acres of land fit  
for the plow, besides ample woodland. In  
all it is one of the best grain and stock  
farms in Michigan to make money from.

**Farm No. 2—80 acres,** situated 6 miles  
southwest of Ann Arbor, on good road.  
Nearly all good improved land, having a  
living stream of water, good orchard, very  
productive sandy loam soil. A bargain at  
\$50 per acre. 10 acres additional of ex-  
cellent timber, if wanted, at \$68 per acre.  
Would make a very complete farm.

**Farm No. 3—100 acres,** 8½ miles N. W.  
of Chelsea, 2½ miles from Gregory, 3  
miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 3  
miles, on good road, excellent neighbor-  
hood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder  
clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres  
of plow land, producing excellent crops;  
35 acres of good white oak, hickory and  
walnut timber; 35 acres of good mowing  
marsh, with good living stream of water  
through it; 3 acres of orchard; 3 good  
frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay  
barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of  
water. This farm is nicely arranged to  
divide into 2 farms. All health is the cause  
of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

**Farm No. 4—230 acres,** located 2½ miles  
from Chelsea, on prominent road, in good  
neighborhood, near church and school  
house and blacksmith shop. 175 acres of  
plow land, 25 acres of timber, 20 acres  
good mowing marsh, 10 acres of low pas-  
ture with living stream of water through  
it. The northwest corner of this farm is  
the highest, gently sloping to southeast,  
protecting wheat from winter winds. It  
has a fine young orchard of grafted fruit  
just coming into bearing. The buildings  
are unusually good, consisting of a frame  
dwelling house, upright and wing each  
18x26, two stories, kitchen 15x18, wood  
shed 15x20. A fine basement barn 36x80  
with gambrel roof, built in 1885, also hog  
house and kettle room, corn crib, carriage  
house and workshop attached, hay house  
10x50, tool shed, and 2 good wells.  
Sandy loam about buildings but  
most of farm is a clay loam and is a su-  
perior grain and stock farm in excellent  
condition. The owner was offered four  
years ago, \$70 per acre, but will now sell  
at a sacrifice that he may remove to Cal-  
ifornia. Price, \$60 per acre.

**Farm No. 5—280 acres,** 5 miles from  
Chelsea and 5 miles from Dexter. Large  
frame house near school house, barn 40x60  
also one 20x60, 3 sheds 20x40 each, two  
wells, a windmill conducting water into  
house and barn, orchard with plenty of  
small fruits, and other improvements. 180  
acres of plow land, 80 acres of timber and  
20 acres of marsh. Soil, gravel and  
sandy loam. Very productive. Good farm  
to make money both in cropping and as  
an investment.

**Farm No. 38—**Consisting of four sepa-  
rate 40 acre tracts of Beech and Maple  
timber land, in Chebogueau county, Michi-  
gan, near Sturgeon River. Price \$12.50  
per acre. The owner will accept in part  
payment, good property in southern Michi-  
gan. A good chance to trade for desirable  
farm land.

**Farm No. 15—103-68-100 acres,** situated  
3 miles from Chelsea, near school, on good  
road, and in an excellent neighborhood of  
Eastern people. There is a frame dwelling  
house of 20 rooms (large and small), a  
frame barn 28x36, also a stock barn 100  
feet long, wagon house 20x30, brick smoke  
house and fruit dryer, 2 good wells of ex-  
cellent water, medium sized orchard, 90  
acres of plow land, remainder good timber  
land. As waste land ~~wherever~~. This is a  
superior located farm, under high state of  
cultivation. The owner desires to retire  
from active work and will sell for \$35 per  
acre.

**Farm No. 14—280 acres,** 2½ miles east  
of Chelsea, 4 miles from Dexter, 1½  
miles from German Methodist church, on  
prominent road, a large commodious frame  
house, pleasantly situated near a fine lake,  
a barn 36x56, also one 24x30, horse barn  
30x36, corn barn 18x30, and other improve-  
ments, in good repair; 4 acres of orchard,  
30 acres of plow land, 60 acres good timber,  
30 acres of mowing meadow, 50 acres of  
pasture and marsh. Strong gravelly loam  
soil, a good stock and sure crop farm.  
Price \$60 per acre.



KATIE WILLIAM II. spent two years in learning to set type.

More than three-quarters of all the bakers in the United States are men of German birth.

A writer in the New York Sun figures that a National campaign costs about \$20,000,000.

It is reported that fifteen million cottonwood trees have been planted in Southwest Kansas this year.

There is a small canyon near San Miguel, Cal., which is said to be occupied by seventeen families, each named Jones, and they are not related.

THIRTY-THREE veterans assembled recently at the fortieth anniversary dinner in Boston of the return of the Massachusetts volunteers from the Mexican war.

A RECORD of the defalcations of the last ten years in this country compiled by the New York Herald, shows 455 cases, involving the aggregate sum of \$48,513,466.81.

The bananas received at New York this summer will number about six hundred million. Thirty years ago an occasional vessel brought in a cargo and chanced its sale.

The author of the popular Nebraska law which makes mothers joint guardians of their children with the fathers is Mrs. Ada M. Bittender, the woman lawyer of that State.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., boasts of a lad twelve years of age who was born without arms. He plays ball, peddles papers, making change with his toes, besides being able to drive a team of horses.

As addition to the legal profession has been made at Cleveland, O., by Messrs. Harry A. Garfield and James R. Garfield. They have formed a partnership under the name of Garfield & Garfield.

A NEW YORK house, which ten years ago employed one hundred traveling salesmen, now does its business entirely by illustrated catalogues and correspondence, and its trade is ahead of what it used to be.

An aged couple in Massachusetts recently celebrated the seventy-third anniversary of their marriage. They are still residing on the same farm on which they established their home on their wedding day.

CHIEF HENDRICKS, of the New Haven (Conn.) fire department, completed twenty-three years of service in that position recently. New Haven newspapers claim that he is now the senior fire-chief of the United States as regards continuous service in such capacity.

The birth of six pairs of twins within eight months in a town of less than one thousand inhabitants, and where twins have heretofore been almost unknown, is the record of the little village of North Wales, Montgomery County, Pa., which is just now having a boom in twins.

A FERRYBOAT captain and two young ladies who were sailing recently in a boat in lower New York bay were attacked by a man-eating shark nearly twelve feet long. The ladies were terrified, the captain cool. With an oar he beat the monster until the water was red with his blood. Finally the shark, whose open jaws had been a horrible spectacle for the fugitives, sank from sight, and the party reached shore. One young lady fainted in the boat.

E. S. STOKES has started a new downtown cafe in New York which is simply gorgeous. It has a floor of Italian mosaic, which alone cost \$12,000. The octagonal bar is of Mexican onyx and white mahogany, and cost as much more. The supporting pillars are also of white mahogany and onyx, and there are enough of them to make a man wish he were rich. Silver beacons and a collection of silver dishes are incidental to the general magnificence.

M. JOY, a French aeronaut, is said to be building an air ship in which he proposes to attempt to cross the Atlantic from New York this fall. It is to be called the Atlantic, and will be 200 feet high, with a cubic measurement of 100,000 ft. It will weigh 1,500 pounds, and will carry the same weight of passengers and freight. M. Joy thinks he can make seven miles an hour in it, and expects to land in Norway or Sweden, or else in Ireland in three and a half days after starting. The cost of the enterprise will be about \$10,000.

At the time of the extinction of the order of the Jesuits, by papal edict, in 1773, they had accumulated property in Canada, now claimed to be worth \$2,000,000, which was confiscated to the crown. The Jesuit order was restored by the Pope in 1814, but the lands confiscated to the Crown and afterward transferred to the Provincial Government of Quebec were not returned. Now a legislative arrangement has been made whereby the Jesuits are to receive \$400,000 in lieu of the confiscated property.

The flag that floated over Fort Mchenry during its bombardment by the British fleet in 1814, and which inspired Francis Scott Key to write "The Star Spangled Banner," still exists in a tolerable state of preservation, and is in the possession of Mr. Eben Appleton, of Yorkers, N. Y., a grandson of Colonel Armstrong, the defender of Fort Mchenry. It is a flag of fifteen stars and fifteen stripes, the "broad stripes" being each two feet wide, and its "bright stars" two feet from point to point. The flag is thirty feet wide, and was originally forty feet long.

## Epitome of the Week.

INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 1.—In the Senate the bill to create an executive department to be known as the department of agriculture was reported. A large number of House bills were passed, among them being one providing for a public building at Jackson, Mich. The Sunday-Civil Appropriation bill was passed. In the House the Senate amendments to the Army Appropriation bill were non-concurred in after a long debate.

THURSDAY, AUG. 2.—After several bills had been reported in the Senate the Fisheries treaty was again discussed in open session. In the House the Senate amendments to the Army Appropriation bill were non-concurred in, and a conference was ordered. The Deficiency Appropriation bill was further considered. At the evening session twenty-two bills were passed. Adjourned to the 6th.

FRIDAY, AUG. 3.—In the Senate a resolution was passed to investigate the relations of the Canadian railroads with the transportation across the continent of commerce, which naturally belongs to the United States. Mr. Teller spoke in opposition to ratifying the fisheries treaty. Adjourned to the 6th. In the House the Deficiency Appropriation bill was further considered. At the evening session twenty-two bills were passed. Adjourned to the 6th.

FROM WASHINGTON.

On the 2d the letter-carrier's eight hour law went into effect.

The statement of the public debt issued on the 1st showed the total debt to be \$1,727,706,554; cash in the treasury, \$108,349,553; debt less cash in treasury, \$1,619,447,001. Debt due during July, \$4,187,298.

There were 180 business failures in the United States during the seven days ended on the 3d, against 217 the previous seven days.

The exchanges at twenty-six leading clearing-houses in the United States during the week ended on the 4th aggregated \$12,873,383, against \$12,357,387 the previous week. As compared with the corresponding week, "98" the decrease amounted to 12.3 per cent.

THE EAST.

On the 1st the thirty horses belonging to the Mutual B. & N. Co. and valued at \$16,000, were burned to death in the company's stable at New York.

On the 1st three hundred Italian emigrants who were unable to obtain work sailed from New York for their native land.

In New York on the 1st John Ericsson, the famous inventor, celebrated his eighty-fifth birthday.

Dr. O'Reilly resumed his position as attending physician to General Sheridan on the 1st. He stated that the General had been severely injured by a fall from a horse on the 2d of July.

CONSUMPTIVE prohibitionists met at Hartford on the 1st and nominated a State ticket, with Hiram Camp, of New Haven, for Governor.

CHARLES MILLION, a New York weather prophet, drowned himself in the North river on the 2d because his predictions failed.

On the 2d May Tatum, a young woman, shot her paramour, Charles McKnight, and then suicided in a hotel room at Pittsburgh, Pa. No cause for the deed was known.

In the seven months ended on the 3d 28,362 more immigrants landed at Castle Garden, New York, than in the corresponding seven months of last year. For July arrivals were 28,093, or 1,240 more than for July, 1887.

On the 3d a six-story building in New York on Third street between Broadway and Broadway was burned to death and fifty more injured.

Twenty dead bodies had on the 4th been taken from the ruins of the recent Bowers fire in New York.

On the 5th Treasurer George L. Perkins, of the Norfolk & Worcester railroad, celebrated his one hundred birthday at his home in Worcester, Mass.

The death of General Philip H. Sheridan, Commander in Chief of the United States army, occurred at 10:20 o'clock on the night of the 5th at Nonquitt, Mass., from an attack of his heart failure trouble.

On the 5th a man named William, who was hanged at Charlotte, Prince Edward's Island, last spring, for the murder of his sweetheart, was innocent of the crime.

Advices of the 3d say that Silesia had been devastated by terrible floods. Along the rivers Roder and Zucken the damage was especially great, the crops having been ruined.

In the vicinity of Ottawa, Ont., forest fires on the 3d had destroyed large tracts of valuable timber land. Eureka, a village containing some fifty houses and stores and several churches, had been swept out of existence. The residents were very fortunate in their escape.

On the 3d the Dominion Government decided not to allow Mormon settlers to practice polygamy in the Northwest territory.

Expressing his thanks to a Sheffield deputation on the 4th for a handsome wedding on the occasion of his golden wedding Mr. Gladstone said that when he secured home rule for Ireland his political work would be finished.

LATER.

Advices of the 6th from the Chocoma nation say that a family named Meers, consisting of husband, wife and two children, had been murdered by Indians about forty miles above Denison, Tex.

While on their way to a camp meeting on the 6th near Montgomery, Ala., a light train struck three negroes and a mule, instantly killing the entire party.

The Alabama election took place on the 6th, the Democrats electing their ticket, headed by Thomas Sney for Governor, by a large majority.

Chaos and property were damaged to the extent of half a million dollars by storms in Central Missouri on the 6th, and several persons were badly injured by hail.

BERLIN advices of the 6th say that great damage had been done to crops by rain in Germany, and many cattle had been drowned.

Tin Republicans of the Ninth district of Michigan on the 6th renominated Byron McCutcheon for Congress, and in the Ninth North Carolina district nominated Hamilton G. Evert.

Disasters of the 6th from New Zealand report the loss of the ship Star of God and sixteen other persons.

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On the 2d the British Government requested a further respite for Hugh M. Brooks, better known as Maxwell, under sentence of death at St. Louis for the murder of Freiler.

Stones at Duluth, Minn., flooded basements on the 2d, washed out sewers and railroad tracks and caused other damage, the total amounting to \$150,000. At Hialewood, Minn., Mrs. McLaughlin and two sons were killed by lightning.

Business blocks fronting on the public square at West Union, O., were burned on the 2d, causing a loss of \$100,000.

On the 2d Henry M. Vinot, made insane by excessive cigarette smoking, was sent to an asylum from Millersburg, Ky.

At Newbern, Tenn., an incendiary fire on the 4th destroyed the entire eastern part of the town.

The percentage of the base-ball clubs in the National League for the week ended on the 4th is as follows: New York, .650; Chicago, .600; Detroit, .594; Philadelphia, .493; Boston, .481; Pittsburgh, .465; Indianapolis, .392; Washington, .389; American Association: St. Louis, .609; Brooklyn, .624; Philadelphia, .620; Cincinnati, .607; Baltimore, .451; Cleveland, .392; Louisville, .395; Kansas City, .294. Western Association: St. Paul, .631; Des Moines, .609; Omaha, .584; Sioux City, .491; Kansas City, .474; Chicago, .455; Milwaukee, .429; Minneapolis, .387.

The house of Martin O'Leary, near Lanesboro, Minn., was struck by lightning on the 4th, and O'Leary and five of his children were killed by the stroke.

On the 4th Charles Perkins, a noted horse-thief and burglar, and killed two deputy United States marshals and one citizen at Marshall's Ferry, Ind. T. while resisting arrest. Perkins escaped. There were nine indictments against him for murder.

PROF. ELSHA GRAY, of Highland Park, Ill., received a patent on the 4th on the telegraphic invention by which messages can be transmitted by wire in the sender's own handwriting, doing away with skilled operators.

JOHN ROBINSON, the veteran showman, died at Cincinnati on the 4th, aged eighty years. He leaves an estate valued at \$1,000,000.

On the 4th Miss Mary Hudson, an accomplished and wealthy young woman of twenty years, committed suicide at Danville, Va., by taking laudanum. She had a large number of admirers, and left a note stating she preferred death to the risk of making a mistake in the selection of a husband.

A man lynched El Bryan (colored) on the 4th in Winslow County, Miss., for assaulting a white woman.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

DERIVE the celebration on the 1st at Munich of the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Ludwig I. three elephants became frightened and trampled a man, two women and a child to death.

On the 1st the New Indian Line steamer City of New York left Liverpool on her first voyage since the disaster on one of her passengers on board, among whom were James G. Blaine, his wife and daughter.

Forest fires were raging on the 3d in the country surrounding Ottawa, Ont. Many families had been rendered homeless, and the loss to property had reached over \$500,000.

The Government of Peru was reported on the 3d to have confiscated the railroads built by foreigners in that country. Ex-Mayor Grace, of New York, and other capitalists were largely interested.

The noted German explorer, Lieutenant Wissmann, died at Brussels on the 3d that he did not believe that Stanley was lost, and said that he hoped to hear good news of the explorer at an early date.

The Russian Government ordered a cruiser to Behr ng Sea on the 3d to prevent English and American vessels from fishing in Russian waters.

On the 3d the discovery was made that the young man named Millman, who was hanged at Charlotte, Prince Edward's Island, last spring, for the murder of his sweetheart, was innocent of the crime.

Advices of the 3d say that Silesia had been devastated by terrible floods. Along the rivers Roder and Zucken the damage was especially great, the crops having been ruined.

In the vicinity of Ottawa, Ont., forest fires on the 3d had destroyed large tracts of valuable timber land. Eureka, a village containing some fifty houses and stores and several churches, had been swept out of existence. The residents were very fortunate in their escape.

On the 3d the Dominion Government decided not to allow Mormon settlers to practice polygamy in the Northwest territory.

Expressing his thanks to a Sheffield deputation on the 4th for a handsome wedding on the occasion of his golden wedding Mr. Gladstone said that when he secured home rule for Ireland his political work would be finished.

LATER.

Advices of the 6th from the Chocoma nation say that a family named Meers, consisting of husband, wife and two children, had been murdered by Indians about forty miles above Denison, Tex.

While on their way to a camp meeting on the 6th near Montgomery, Ala., a light train struck three negroes and a mule, instantly killing the entire party.

The Alabama election took place on the 6th, the Democrats electing their ticket, headed by Thomas Sney for Governor, by a large majority.

Chaos and property were damaged to the extent of half a million dollars by storms in Central Missouri on the 6th, and several persons were badly injured by hail.

BERLIN advices of the 6th say that great damage had been done to crops by rain in Germany, and many cattle had been drowned.

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On the 6th the letter-carrier's eight hour law went into effect.

The statement of the public debt issued on the 1st showed the total debt to be \$1,727,706,554; cash in the treasury, \$108,349,553; debt less cash in treasury, \$1,619,447,001. Debt due during July, \$4,187,298.

There were 180 business failures in the United States during the seven days ended on the 3d, against 217 the previous seven days.

The exchanges at twenty-six leading clearing-houses in the United States during the week ended on the 4th aggregated \$12,873,383, against \$12,357,387 the previous week. As compared with the corresponding week, "98" the decrease amounted to 12.3 per cent.

On the 1st the thirty horses belonging to the Mutual B. & N. Co. and valued at \$16,000, were burned to death in the company's stable at New York.

On the 1st three hundred Italian emigrants who were unable to obtain work sailed from New York for their native land.

In New York on the 1st John Ericsson, the famous inventor, celebrated his eighty-fifth birthday.

Dr. O'Reilly resumed his position as attending physician to General Sheridan on the 1st. He stated that the General had been severely injured by a fall from a horse on the 2d of July.

CONSUMPTIVE prohibitionists met at Hartford on the 1st and nominated a State ticket, with Hiram Camp, of New Haven, for Governor.

CHARLES MILLION, a New York weather prophet, drowned himself in the North river on the 2d because his predictions failed.

On the 2d May Tatum, a young woman, shot her paramour, Charles McKnight, and then suicided in a hotel room at Pittsburgh, Pa. No cause for the deed was known.

In the seven months ended on the 3d 28,362 more immigrants landed at Castle Garden, New York, than in the corresponding seven months of last year. For July arrivals were 28,093, or 1,240 more than for July, 1887.

On the 3d a six-story building in New York on Third street between Broadway and Broadway was burned to death and fifty more injured.

Twenty dead bodies had on the 4th been taken from the ruins of the recent Bowers fire in New York.

On the 5th Treasurer George L. Perkins, of the Norfolk & Worcester railroad, celebrated his one hundred birthday at his home in Worcester, Mass.

The death of General Philip H. Sheridan, Commander in Chief of the United States army, occurred at 10:20 o'clock on the night of the 5th at Nonquitt, Mass., from an attack of his heart failure trouble.

On the 5th a man named William, who was hanged at Charlotte, Prince Edward's Island, last spring, for the murder of his sweetheart, was innocent of the crime.

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## DEATH WINS.

The Conqueror of All Triumphs Over the Great Soldier General Philip H. Sheridan, Who Passed Away at Nonquitt, Mass., Sunday Night—The End Rather Unexpected, and Caused by a Recurrence of the Old Heart Trouble—Universal Sorrow at His Demise—His Life and Achievements.

Nonquitt, Mass., Aug. 6.—General Philip H. Sheridan died at 10:20 o'clock last evening from an attack of his old heart failure trouble. Previous to the sudden appearance of heart failure at about 9:30 there had been no premonitions of any unfavorable change in his condition, and the weather was as warm as the usual weather of the season.

The General was at times a little restless, but seemed generally bright and cheerful. His voice was strong, he took a full supply of nourishment, slept occasionally as usual, and the doctors on the family were in hopeful expectancy. At 7 o'clock Mrs. Sheridan and the doctors went to the hotel for supper and soon after their return the usual preparations for the night were made. At about 9:30 Colonel Sheridan said "Good night" to his brother and went to the hotel. At 9:30 symptoms of heart failure suddenly appeared, and Dr. O'Reilly and Matthews, who were with him at the time, immediately applied the remedies which proved successful in all similar previous attacks, but this time they were without effect, and despite all that could be done the General gradually sank into a condition of complete unconsciousness, and at 10:20 breathed his last.

Mrs. Sheridan, the sisters Mabab and Johnson, and the family body servant were at his bedside throughout his dying hour. No arrangement has yet been determined upon in regard to the time or place of the General's burial.

The following bulletin was issued at mid-night:

"General Sheridan died at 10:20 this evening. The immediate cause of his death was heart failure. The remote cause was disease of the mitral and aortic valves, the existence of which was known to his physician, to himself and to his family in November of last year. The complaint, which had occurred, had been nervous exhaustion, pneumonia, pulmonary oedema, anasarca and hemorrhages. The last day of his life was one of extreme exhaustion, and he was not more so than he has been several times since his arrival at Nonquitt. At about 9:30 symptoms of heart failure suddenly appeared. The remedies which had hitherto been successful were vigorously applied, but proved ineffectual, and he sank rapidly, dying peacefully at the hour named."

"ROBERT M. REILLY, Surgeon United States Army. "WASHINGTON MATRONS. "Assistant Surgeon United States Army."

A few days ago it became evident that the General was really a trooping instead of progressing. The reaction which had been occasioned by the change of climate, his long hours of study, and the symptoms of rapid decline were noticed. Dr. O'Reilly was lastly summoned, and on his arrival acknowledged the case was hopeless. He at once sent word to Dr. Pepper, of the University of Pennsylvania, the specialist who had been called in by the General, and the General was at Washington and dissolution seemed imminent. It was, however, given out to the public that Dr. Pepper's visit was not occasioned by any alarming change in the General's condition.

Throughout Saturday and Sunday night General Sheridan was attacked with the violent fits of coughing which alarmed his physicians in Washington, and in which it was supposed he would die. The physicians resorted to the use of oxygen to sustain life, and frequent applications were given him. They relieved him for a time, and he seemed to be the good effect of which invariably followed their application when he was in Washington. Then the electric battery was called into requisition, and from its frequent use momentary good results were obtained.

The General grew weaker all through the day and night. A distressing, suffocating cough, which resembled the good effect of which invariably followed their application when he was in Washington. Then the electric battery was called into requisition, and from its frequent use momentary good results were obtained.

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not indicate to the family that they might apply remedies. He gradually sank into a stupor and remained unconscious to the end.

The illness which has just resulted in the General's death commenced on May 13, immediately after his return from a tour of inspection along the Potomac, and continued for a week. He was then forced to remain in doors, and Tuesday, May 22, he had a severe attack of heart failure, which greatly alarmed his family and physicians. On account of the effect it was feared the news would have on the General's mother, who was aged and in ill health, an endeavor was made to keep the more alarming phases of his illness from the public, and it was not until the end of that week that the truth was made known to the family.

On Friday, May 26, he had several attacks of heart failure, and these increased in violence with each succeeding attack. Several times during his illness it seemed as if life had been extinguished, but by the adoption of radical measures the action of the heart was stimulated, and he was brought round again. His heart at one time ceased to beat for a few seconds, but the extraordinary watchfulness and care of the attending physicians brought him back to consciousness again. New complications set in and hope was well-nigh abandoned, when the General was renewed by the great vitality and determination shown by the stricken soldier. The history of these relapses and recoveries is familiar to the readers of the daily press.

With the approach of warm weather it was decided by the physicians that the patient must be removed, as he would be utterly unable in his weakened state to withstand a period of prolonged heat. Accordingly on Saturday, June 30, he was, after several delays, placed on board the United States steamer Swatara and taken to Nonquitt, Mass., where place he reached later and he was brought round again. The General had made his will and all preparations for death, and was ready to face it, though resolutely determined that life should not be given up without a severe struggle on his part. He leaves a wife, the daughter of General Rucker, and four small children—three girls and one boy.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—A telegram was received at the White House from Nonquitt at 12:08 a. m. and the messenger boy told the night watchman that it was an announcement of the death of General Sheridan. The watchman decided not to telephone the news to the President at Oak View nor to Colonel Lamont, as they were both undoubtedly asleep, and nothing could be done until morning. The seal of the telegram was, however, subsequently awakened and informed of the sad news. He said that he would not communicate it to the President until morning.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—All the fire-bells are tolling in consequence of the news of General Sheridan's death, and will continue tolling for one hour. Flags are placed at half-mast, and to-day all flags on public buildings of every description will be lowered.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—The news of General Sheridan's death causes universal sorrow in this city, where he resided for many years.

"ROBERT



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